

Corruption Perceptions Index (CPI) 2024

THE RESULTS

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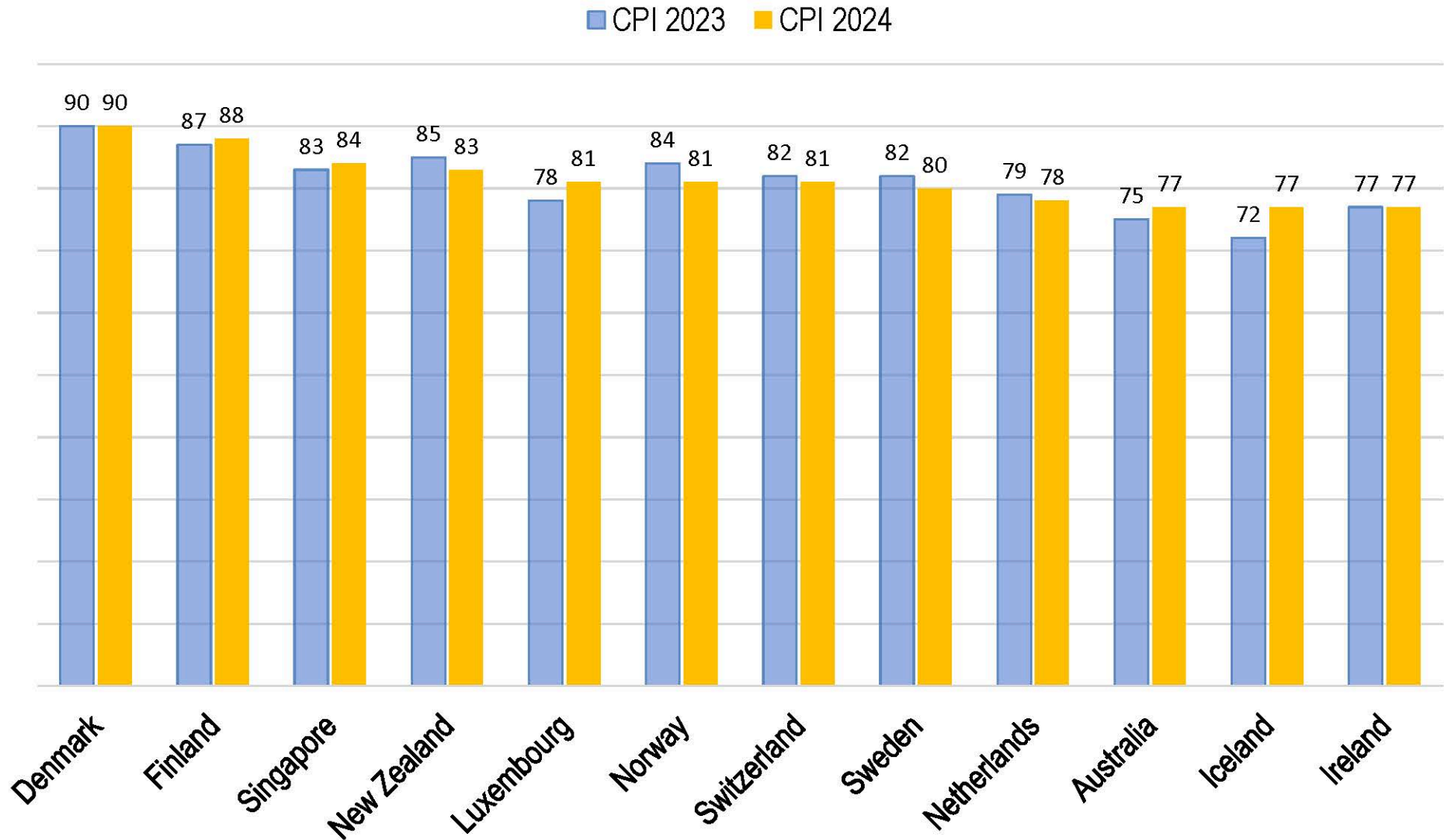
CPI 2024: THE TOP 12

RANK	COUNTRY/TERRITORY	SCORE
1	Denmark	90
2	Finland	88
3	Singapore	84
4	New Zealand	83
5	Luxembourg	81
5	Norway	81
5	Switzerland	81
8	Sweden	80
9	Netherlands	78
10	Australia	77
10	Iceland	77
10	Ireland	77

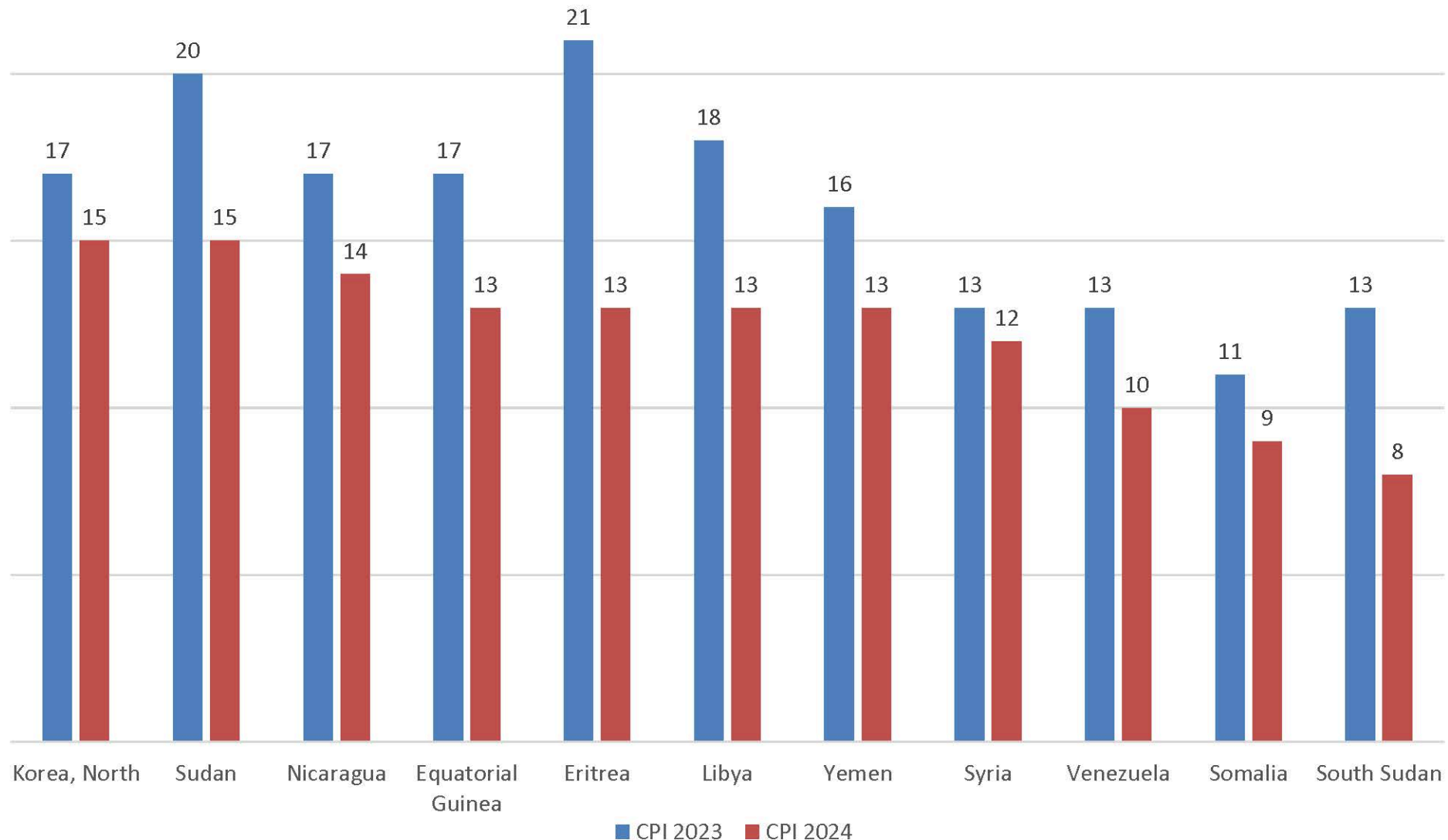
CPI 2024: THE BOTTOM 11

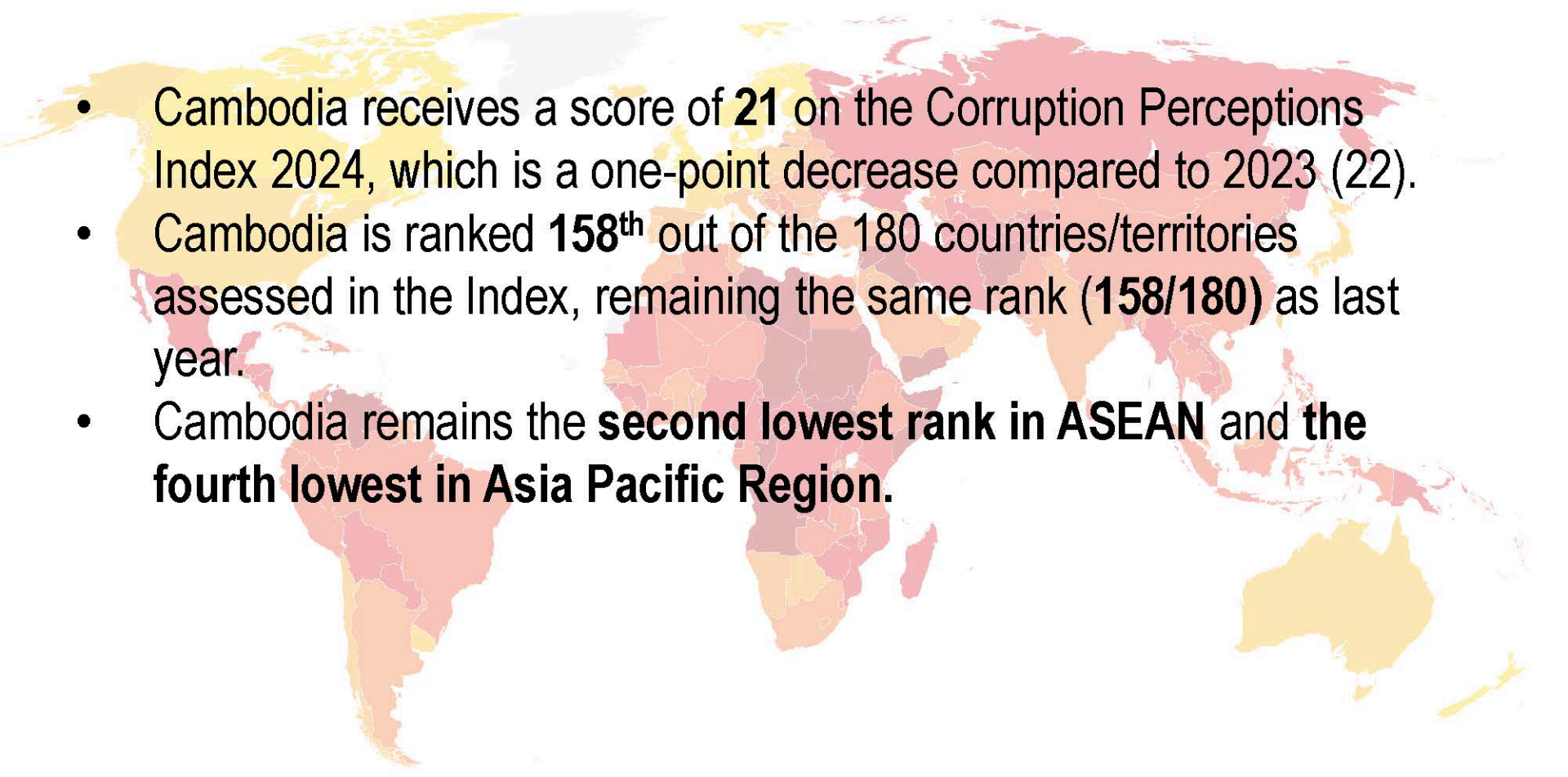
RANK	COUNTRY/TERRITORY	SCORE
170	Korea, North	15
170	Sudan	15
172	Nicaragua	14
173	Equatorial Guinea	13
173	Eritrea	13
173	Libya	13
173	Yemen	13
177	Syria	12
178	Venezuela	10
179	Somalia	9
180	South Sudan	8

COMPARISON TOP 12 (2023-2024)

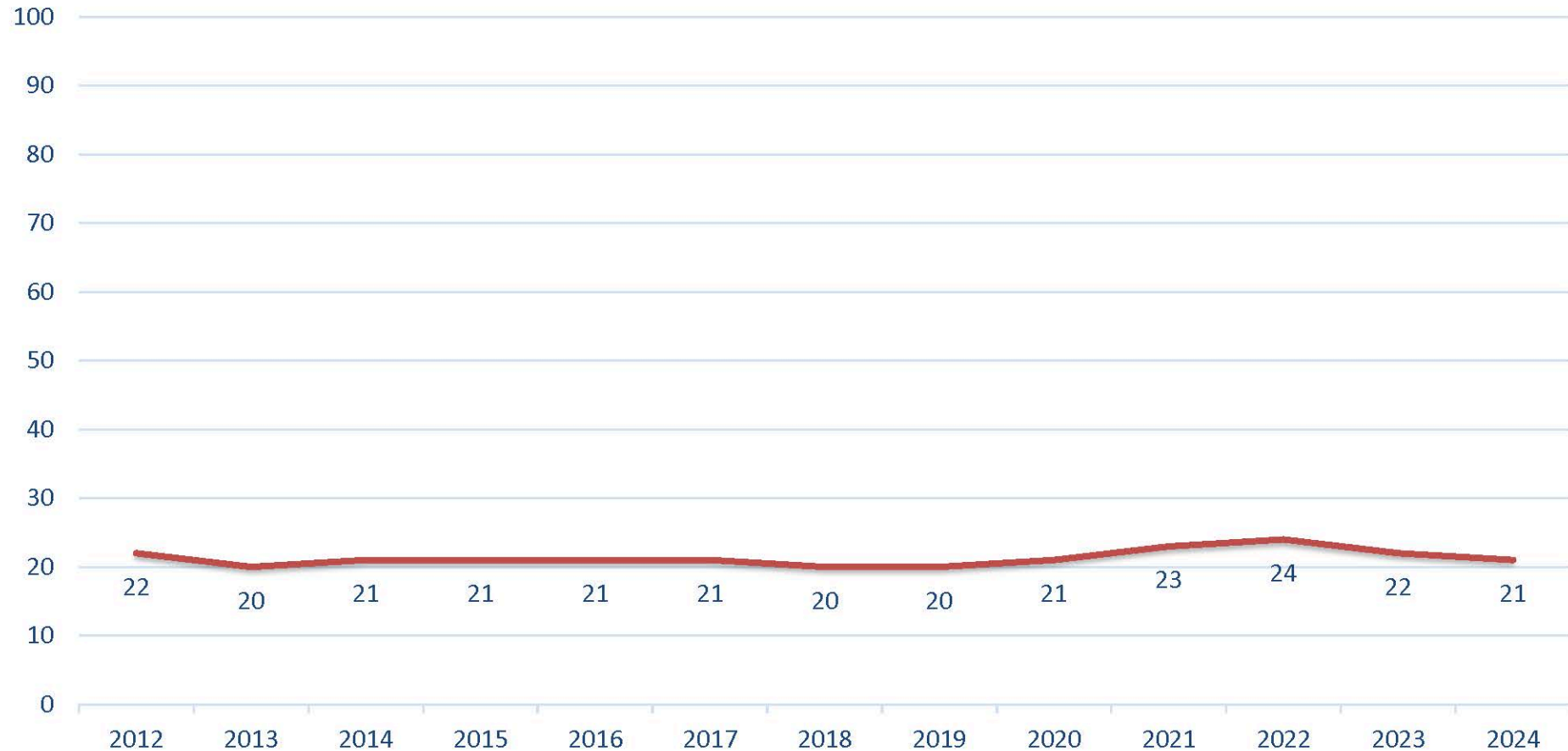


COMPARISON BOTTOM 11 (2023-2024)



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- A world map with countries colored in shades of red, orange, and yellow, representing different CPI scores. Cambodia is highlighted in a darker red shade.
- Cambodia receives a score of **21** on the Corruption Perceptions Index 2024, which is a one-point decrease compared to 2023 (22).
 - Cambodia is ranked **158th** out of the 180 countries/territories assessed in the Index, remaining the same rank (**158/180**) as last year.
 - Cambodia remains the **second lowest rank in ASEAN** and the **fourth lowest in Asia Pacific Region**.

CAMBODIA'S CPI SCORES COMPARISON OVER THE YEARS (2012 – 2024)



CPI 2024: DATA SOURCES FOR CAMBODIA



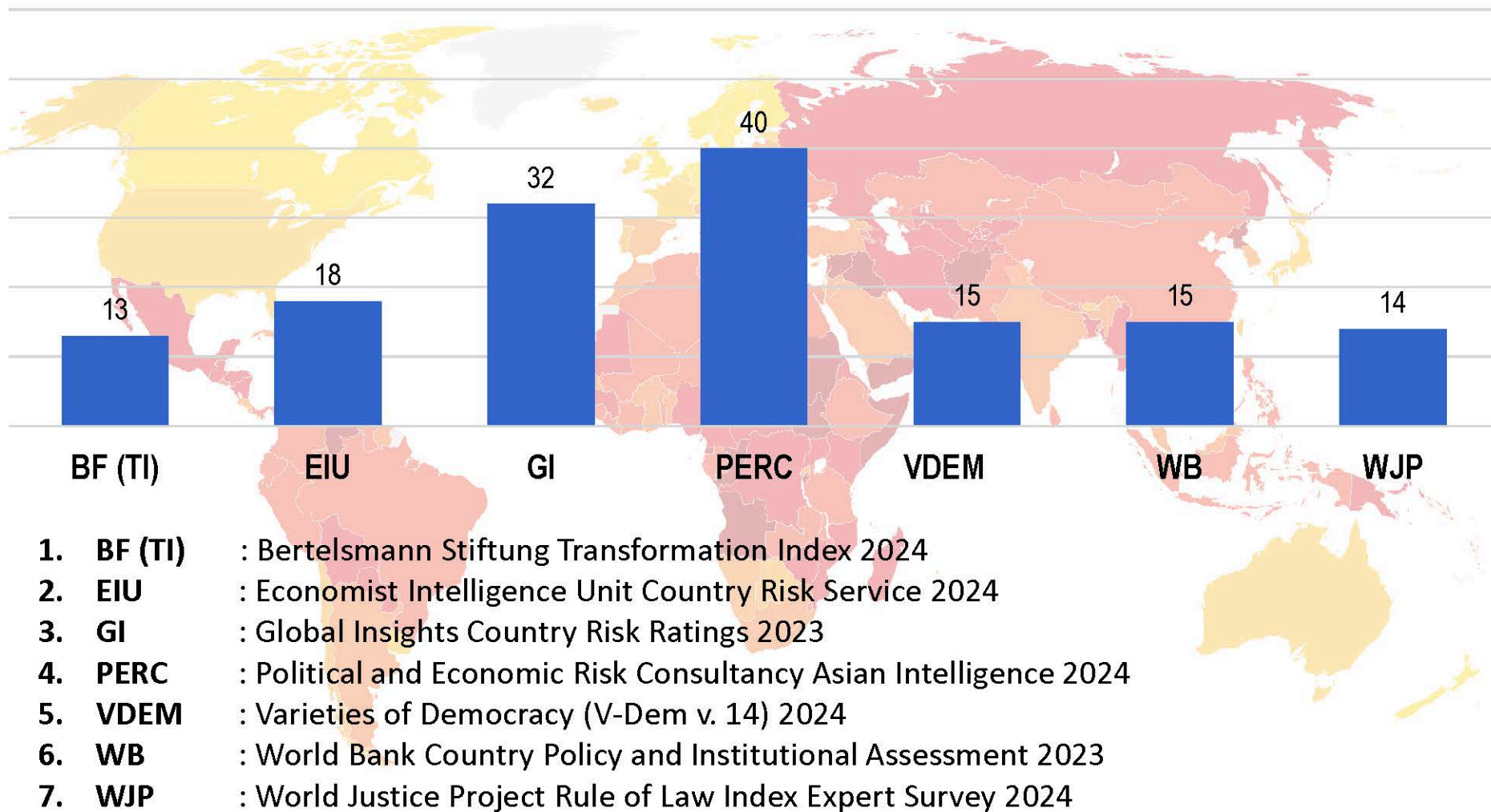
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1	Bertelsmann Stiftung Transformation Index BF(TI)	Bertelsmann Stiftung	Analyse and compare countries on its state of a constitutional democracy, a socially responsible market economy, and governance.
2	Economist Intelligence Unit Country Risk Service	Economist Intelligence Unit (EIU)	Provide in-depth and timely analysis of the risks of financial exposure.
3	Global Insight Country Risk Ratings	Global Insights (GI)	Provide a six factor analysis of the risk environment, which includes political, economic, legal, tax, operational and security risk.
4	Asian Intelligence	Political and Economic Risk Consultancy (PERC)	Pay special attentions to critical socio-political variables, including corruption, intellectual property rights and risks, labour quality, and other systemic strengths and weaknesses of individual Asian countries/territories.
5	World Bank Country Policy and Institutional Assessment (CPIA)	World Bank	Capture the quality of a country's policy and institutional frameworks to poverty reduction, sustainable growth and the effective use of development assistance.
6	World Justice Project Rule of Law Index Expert Survey	World Justice Project (WJP)	Assess a nation's adherence to the rule of law in practice, identify a nation's strengths and weaknesses and track changes over time.
7	The Varieties of Democracy Index	The V-Dem institute (V-Dem)	Conceptualise and measure democracy, providing a multinational and disaggregated dataset that reflects the complexity of the concept of democracy as a system of rule that goes beyond the simple presence of elections.

CPI 2024: DATA SOURCES FOR CAMBODIA

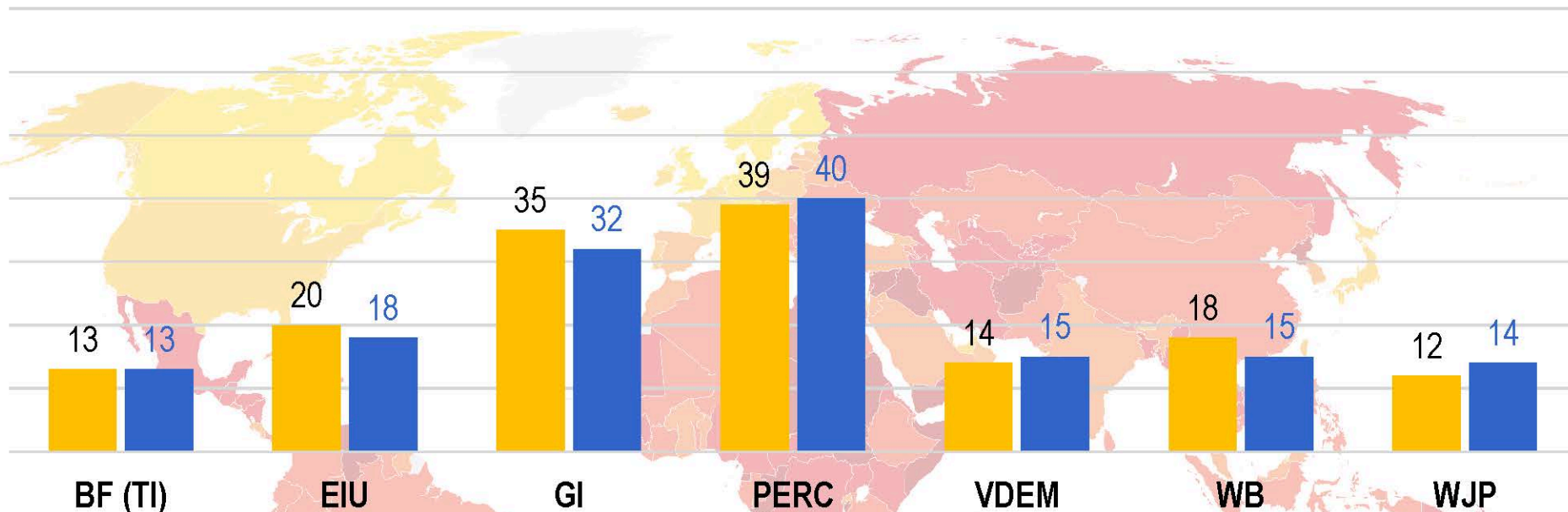


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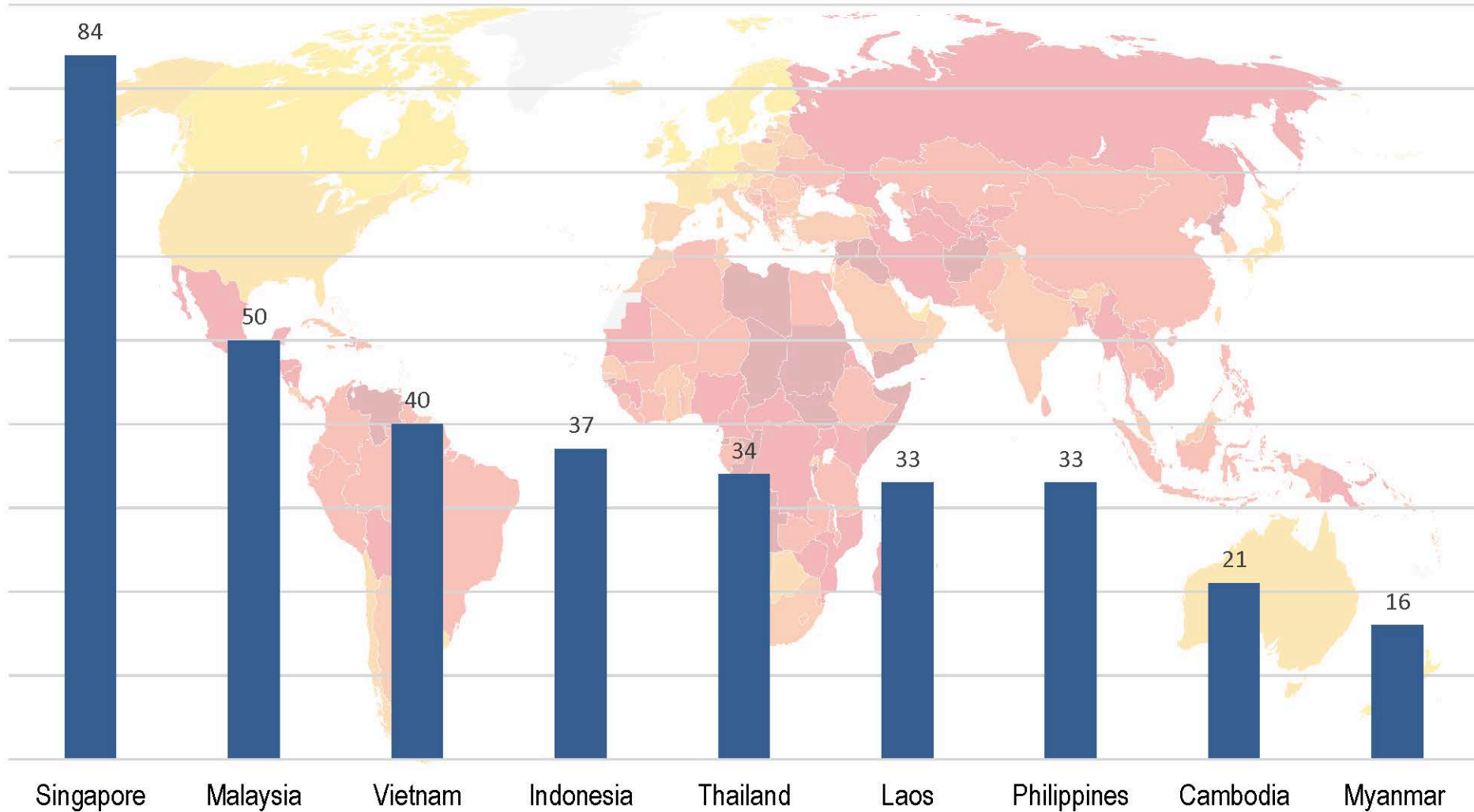
COMPARISON OF DATA SOURCES FOR CAMBODIA 2023-2024

■ 2023 ■ 2024



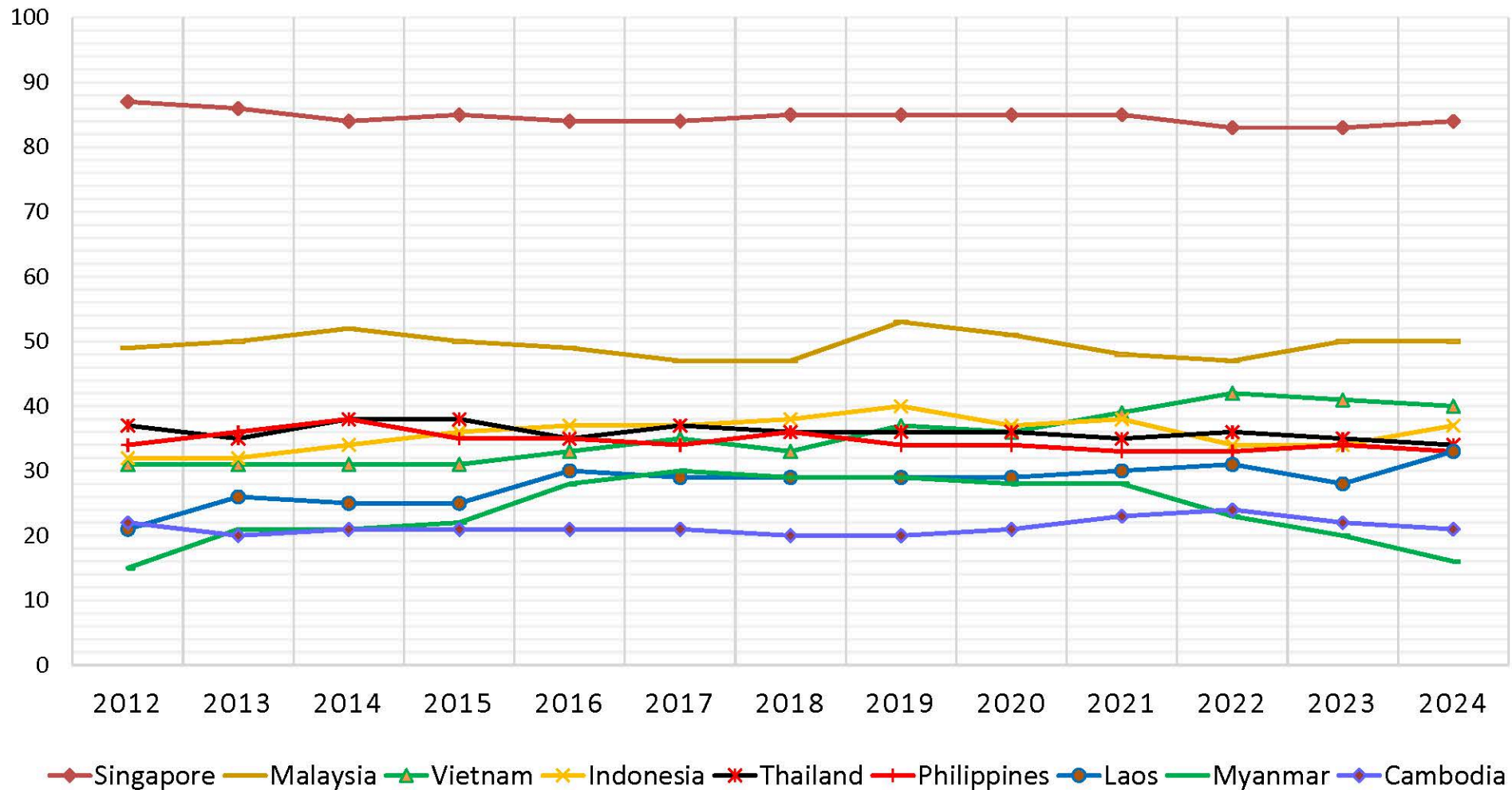
1. **BF (TI)** : Bertelsmann Stiftung Transformation Index 2024 vs 2024
2. **EIU** : Economist Intelligence Unit Country Risk Service 2023 vs. 2024
3. **GI** : Global Insight Country Risk Ratings 2022 vs. 2023
4. **PERC** : Political and Economic Risk Consultancy Asian Intelligence 2023 vs. 2024
5. **VDEM** : Varieties of Democracy (V-Dem v.14) 2023 vs. 2024
6. **WB** : World Bank Country Policy and Institutional Assessment 2022 vs. 2023
7. **WJP** : World Justice Project Rule of Law Index Expert Survey 2023 vs. 2024

CPI 2024 (ASEAN Countries)



Collective Actions Against Corruption

ASEAN COUNTRIES' CPI SCORES COMPARISON OVER THE YEARS



Key recommendations of TI Cambodia are:

- 1. Hold All Corruption Accountable:** Ensure the swift prosecution of all corrupt activities, regardless of scale, with strong legal frameworks and effective enforcement. Make corruption a risky and unrewarding endeavor.
- 2. Strengthen Accountability and Oversight:** Building a culture of accountability relies on protecting and fostering democratic freedoms, including freedom of expression, assembly, and association. It is essential to safeguard human rights defenders and support their role in oversight. Public institutions such as anti-corruption agencies and audit bodies must be given the resources and independence to investigate and address corruption. An independent judiciary, free from political interference, is crucial in keeping executive power in check. Furthermore, transparent and fair elections must be upheld to ensure citizens can shape their future.
- 3. Modernize Anti-Corruption Legislation:** Update anti-corruption laws to align with international standards. Implement whistleblower protection laws and establish a clear code of conduct for public officials.

Key recommendations of TI Cambodia are:

- 5. Enhance Transparency and Public Scrutiny:** Enforce the right to information through a strong Access to Information law. Ensure transparency in government practices and the allocation of public resources.
- 6. Ensure Fair Business Practices:** Promote corporate transparency and fair competition. Eliminate biases in public procurement processes and ensure consistent compliance standards for all businesses.

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